Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-3/CBCS) GGY HC 1

2023

GEOGRAPHY

(Honours Core)

Paper: GGY-HC-3016

(Economic Geography)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Define dry farming.
 - (b) Name one major industrial region of USA.
 - (c) What is multiple cropping?
 - (d) Define intensive agriculture.
 - (e) What is fund resource?
 - (f) Name the tea research centre of Assam.

- (g) Give an example of non-renewable resource.
- 2. Answer the following questions in brief: 2×4=8
 - (a) Classify the agricultural practices on the basis of supply of land.
 - (b) What is meant by 'conservation of resources'?
 - (c) Name two important chemical industries.
 - (d) Distinguish between renewable and non-renewable resources.
- 3. Answer any three of the following questions: 5×3=15
 - (a) Write the factors influencing activation of wheat in the world.
 - (b) Write a note on characteristics of Mediterranean agriculture.
 - (c) Discuss the important characteristic features of subsistence agriculture.
 - (d) Compare and contrast the features of traditional large scale industries and modern high tech industries.

- (e) Define resource and explain its dynamic concept with examples. 2+3=5
- 4. Define economic geography. Discuss its meaning and subject matter. 2+8=10

Or

What are the different approaches to the study of economic geography? Discuss *any* one in this respect. 2+8=10

5. Mention the various factors influencing establishment of iron and steel industry. Examine critically the Weber's theory of industrial location in this respect. 4+6=10

Or

What are the advantages and disadvantages of railway transport? Discuss its role in the mobilisation of resources and economic development of India.

4+6=10

6. What are the sources of imports into India?

Name the principal commodities that are imported into India. State India's trading relations with few countries. 3+3+4=10

3

- (g) Give an example of non-renewable resource.
- 2. Answer the following questions in brief: $2\times4=8$
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 - (b) What is meant by 'conservation of resources'?
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What are the different approaches to the study of economic geography? Discuss *any* one in this respect. 2+8=10

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6. What are the sources of imports into India?

Name the principal commodities that are imported into India. State India's trading relations with few countries. 3+3+4=10

Discuss the relative advantages and disadvantages of land, water and air transport. Examine their role on the economy of a country.

5+5=10

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5+5=10

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2023

GEOGRAPHY

Answer the ((Honours Core)) and reward

Paper: GGY-HC-3026

(Geography of India with Special Reference to N. E. India)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following: $1 \times 7 = 7$

- Which state of India has the highest (a) number of cotton textile industry?
- (b) What is the full form of S. A. I. L.?
- What is the eastern-most point of (c) India?
- (d) Name the newly declared National Park of Assam.

- (e) Mention one mountain pass of the Himalayas.
- (f) Which type of forest is found in Sundarban delta?
- (g) Which language is common in Nagaland?
- 2. Answer the following questions in very short: 2×4=8
 - (a) Name two Iron and Steel Industry of India.
 - (b) Name four states of India through which tropic of cancer passes.
 - (c) Name two Ramsar sites of North-East India.
 - (d) Name two major tribes of Arunachal Pradesh.
- 3. Write short notes: (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) Distribution of fertilizer industry in India
 - (b) Mechanism of Indian Monsoon
 - (c) Soil types of North-East India
 - (d) Shifting and terrace cultivation in North-East India
 - (e) Natural vegetation of India

- 4. Answer the following questions: (any three) 10×3=30
 - (a) Explain the locational significance of India with reference to present-day global geopolitical context.
 - (b) Discuss about the distribution and trend of production of iron and steel industry in India. Briefly examine how this industry is contributing to the country's economic growth. 6+4=10
 - (c) Describe the different physiographic divisions of India along with their salient features.
 - (d) What are the agro-climatic regions of India? Explain briefly the cropping pattern in each agro-climatic region.

 2+8=10
 - (e) How density of population is determined by the physiographic condition of North-East India? Explain.
 - (f) Mention the major ethnic groups of North-East India and briefly discuss their salient socio-cultural practices.

3 (Sem-3/CBCS) GGY HC 3

2023

GEOGRAPHY

(Honours Core)

Paper: GGY-HC-3036

(Quantitative Methods in Geography)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following objective type questions: 1×7=7
 - (a) What is data?
 - (b) You obtained a sample data which is relatively normally distributed. Which measure of central tendency would you use to calculate the average value of the same?
 - (c) Mention any one of the Relative Measures of Dispersion.

- (d) Name the method where the researcher divides a population into relatively similar subpopulations and obtains a representative sample.
- (e) If r is the simple correlation coefficient, the quantity r^2 is known as _____.
- (f) The slope of regression line of Y on X is also called _____.
- (g) Student's t-test was designed by
 - (i) R. A. Fisher
 - (ii) Wilcoxon
 - (iii) Wald-Wolfowitz
 - (iv) W. S. Gosset
- 2. Answer the following very short answer type questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) What is the objective of sampling techniques?
 - (b) If in an asymmetrical distribution median is 28 and mean is 31, what will be the value of mode?
 - (c) What is correlation?
 - (d) What are the main objectives of time series analysis?

- 3. Answer the following short answer type questions: (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) What is the best measure of dispersion, and how? If the mean and coefficient of variation of a data set are 15 and 48 respectively, then find the value of standard deviation.
 - (b) The temperature of two cities A and B in a winter season are given below. Find which city is more consistent in temperature changes?

Temperature of city A in degree Celsius					
Temperature of city B in degree Celsius	11	14	15	17	18

- (c) Write a note on how Regression Analysis is useful in geographical data analysis.
- (d) Write briefly about the nature and sources of geographical data.
- (e) Explain the Moving Average method of Time Series Analysis.
- 4. Answer the following questions: (any three) 10×3=30
 - (a) With suitable examples, discuss the different types of levels of data measurement. Also mention their basic characteristics. 5+5=10

(b) What are different measures of dispersion? Discuss the utility of these measures in geographical studies.

2+8=10

- Discuss its significance in geographical studies. 2+8=10
 - (d) What is Time Series? Why do we need to analyse Time Series data? Discuss with examples. 1+3+6=10
- (e) What is Central Tendency? What are its common measures? Stating the reason for choosing, calculate the most representative value of Central Tendency for the following data:

2+2+6=10

The size of land holding of 380 families in a village of Assam

Size of land Holding (in acres)	Less than 100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400 and above
Number of Families	40	89	148	64	39 78 A

(f) What is sampling? Discuss the various methods of sampling used by the geographers. 2+8=10